

# Implementation of Reconfigurable 149Mbps TDC-Based PPM Transceiver

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### Objective

Designing and Implementing a high-bitrate pulse position modulation (PPM) transceiver for long range / low energy applications. Use off-the shelf event-timer for demodulator.

### Key Points:

- •Target bitrate of over 149 Mbps.
- •DTC/TDC-based software-defined radio approach for flexibility.

## Technology Overview



- Modulation Technique: Pulse position modulation (PPM).
- Components:
  - Modulator implemented with software-controlled digital-to-time converter(DTC).
  - Demodulator based on high-precision time-to-digital converter (TDC).

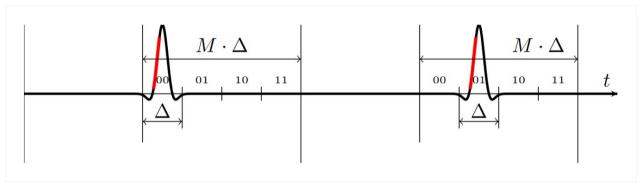
#### Advantages:

- Extraordinary energy efficiency
- Capable of handling signals with up to 100 GHz bandwidth.
- Software flexibility allows switching between different PPM formats.

# Why PPM?



Meets the need for energy-efficient, high-speed communication in **deep space** (millions of km) applications and **IoT** (harvested power)



Structure of example PPM signal encoding **00** and **01**, where:

- -D duration of one position
- -M number of positions

Pulse width (which affects average power) does not carry information and can be minimized.

#### TDC & DTC



#### Time-to-digital converter instead of analog-to-digital converter Digital-to-time converter instead of digital-to-analog converter

- Allows to deal with **huge numbers of positions** (our prototype supports up to 65535)
- Allows to use fully **asynchronous** processing pipeline, significantly saving power even during the data transfer.

#### Parameters of the modulator.

| Parameter                           | Value            |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| DTC granularity (minimum step)      | 10 ps            |
| Maximum precision delay             | 10450  ps        |
| Bits for precision delay            | 10               |
| Maximal coarse delay                | $655.35 \ \mu s$ |
| Bits for coarse delay               | 16               |
| Maximal number of pulses per second | $10^{6}$         |
| Minimal pulse repetition interval   | 10 ns            |

#### Parameters of the ESTT 7 Series event timer.

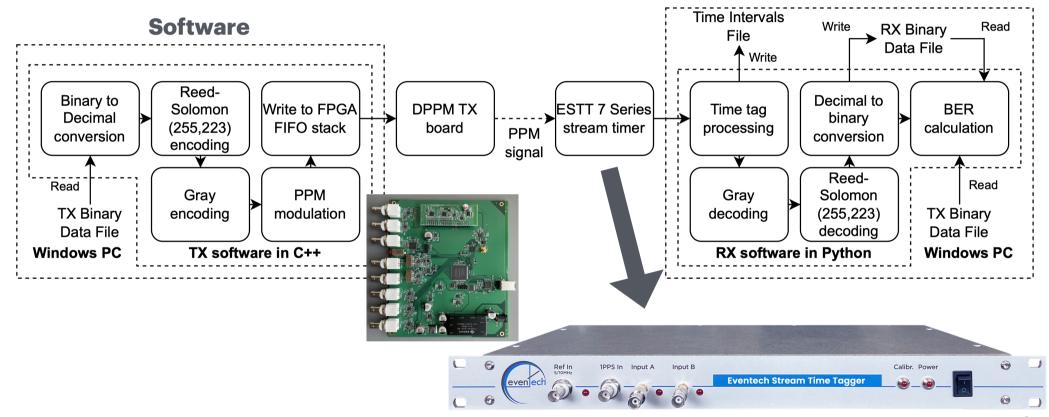
| Parameter                   | Value                         |  |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Single-shot RMS resolution  | 2.2 - 2.3  ps (max  2.5  ps)  |  |
| Dead time                   | 40 ns                         |  |
| Impulse duration            | $\geq 125 \text{ ps}$         |  |
| Measurement rate            | 20 MEPS                       |  |
| Single input time tag drift | $< 2 \text{ ps/C}^{\circ}$    |  |
| Input to input offset drift | $< 0.05 \text{ ps/C}^{\circ}$ |  |

### Design and Implementation



Transceiver block diagram

#### **Software**



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# Laboratory Testing and Results



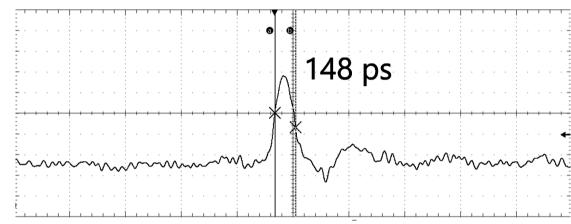
Setup



# Laboratory Testing and Results EUCINC 66 Summit Antwerp, Belgium • 3-6 June 2024







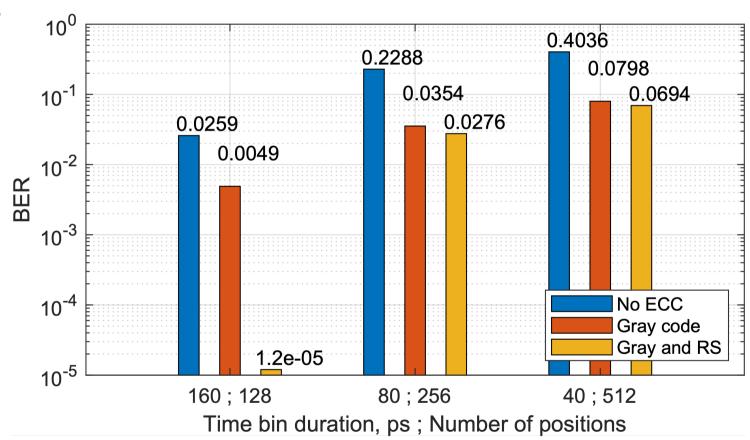
| Parameter         | Description         | Value         |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Modulation scheme | Modulation scheme   | DPPM [9]      |
| Bit count         | Number of bits sent | $10^{6}$      |
| $t_{ m g}$        | Guard time, ns      | 50            |
| au                | Pulse duration, ps  | 150           |
| x                 | Bit pattern         | Pseudo-random |

Test configuration

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Test results



Arturs Aboltins.

Riga Technical University & Eventech LTD.

EuCNC & 6G Summit 2024

#### Demonstration





#### Conclusions and Future Work

#### Achievements:

- Prototyped a versatile, high-speed PPM transceiver.
- Demonstrated the feasibility of using software-controlled TDC and DTC technologies in energy-efficient high bitrate data transmission.

#### Next Steps:

- Address software limitations to fully utilize hardware capabilities.
- Use of TDC with lower dead time
- Simultaneous satellite laser ranging (SLR) and communication

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- Collaborations (hardware): Eventech Ltd
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